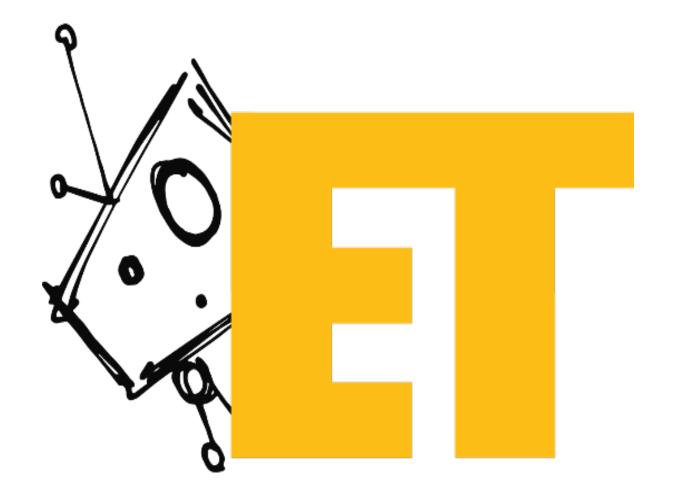






Pour l'amour des enfants



**ESPACE TRANSITION** 

# ETat the Museum

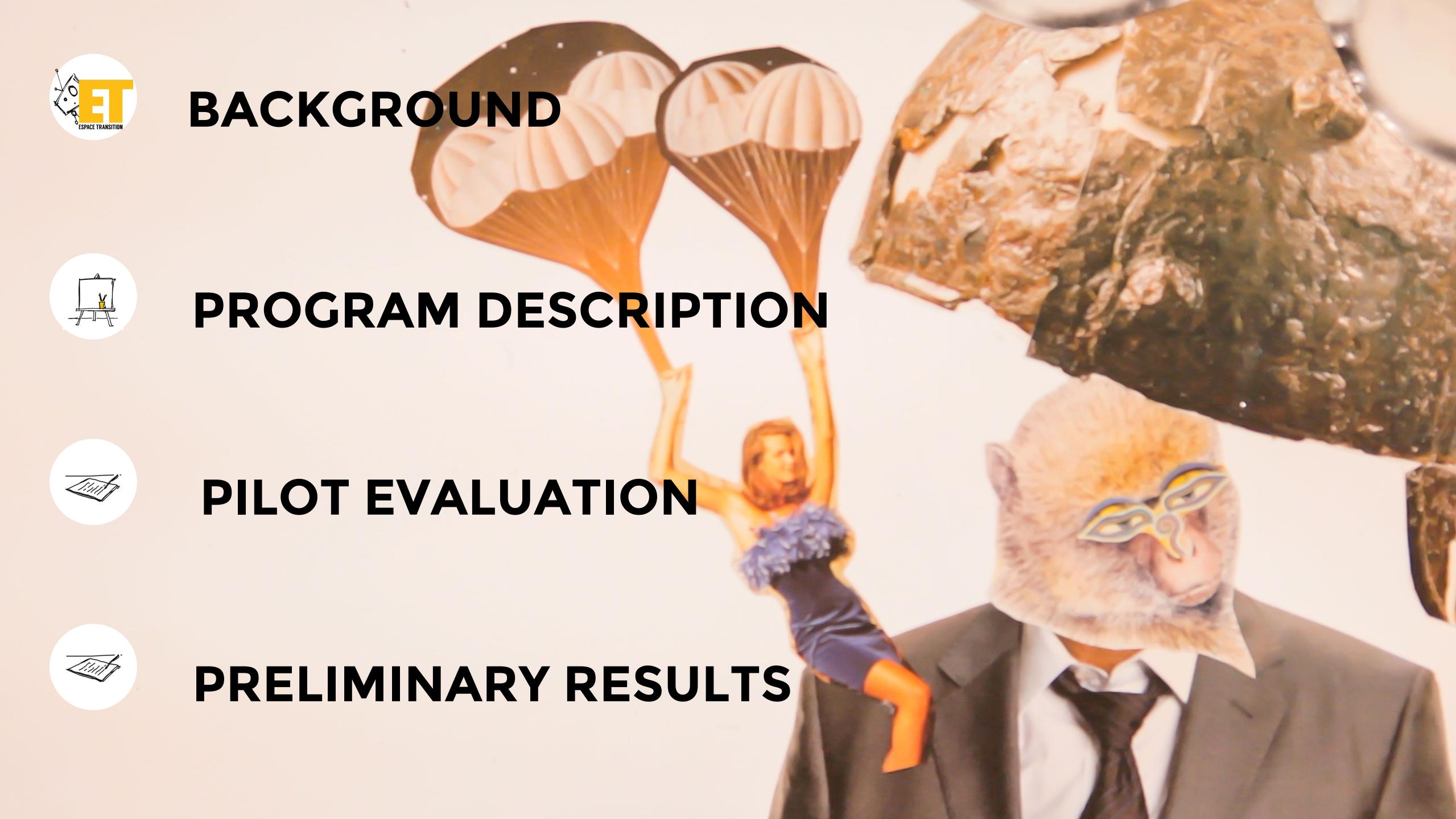
Preliminary evaluation of the art-based rehabilitation group program for youths with psychiatric disorders: *Espace Transition au Musée* 

12<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Child and Adolescent Psychopathology July 18<sup>th</sup> 2017

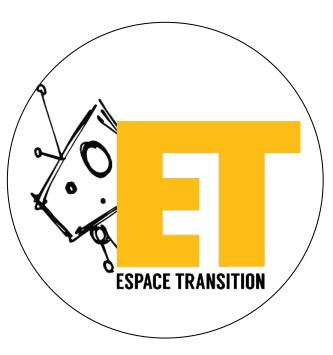












# BACKGROUND



# YOUTHS, MENTAL DISORDERS &SERVICES

- Intensive/prolonged care can be fragilizing
- Post-hospitalisation transition often is a period of heightened vulnerability
- Conventional pediatric v. adult organisation of services is non optimal
- Youths are particularly refractory to receiving MH services

#### 5

# ARTS/CREATIVITY INTERVENTIONS



Growing interest in the mental health sphere



Empirical support (efficacy, accessibility, attractiveness)



ART-THERAPY ARTS IN HEALTH

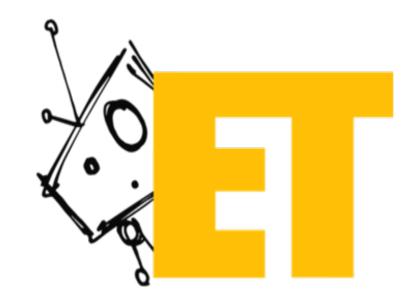




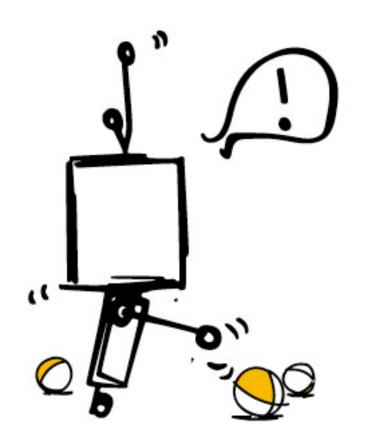
# PROGRAM DESCRIPTION







# REBILITATION PROGRAMS



#### **ALL ON STAGE**

Theatre-Circus



#### **UP TEMPO**

Music



#### **CELLO DISCOVERY**

Music



#### **ETAT THE MUSEUM**

Arts and crafts



# TARGETED POPULATION

YOUTHS AGED 14 -25

(10 -15 participants/group)

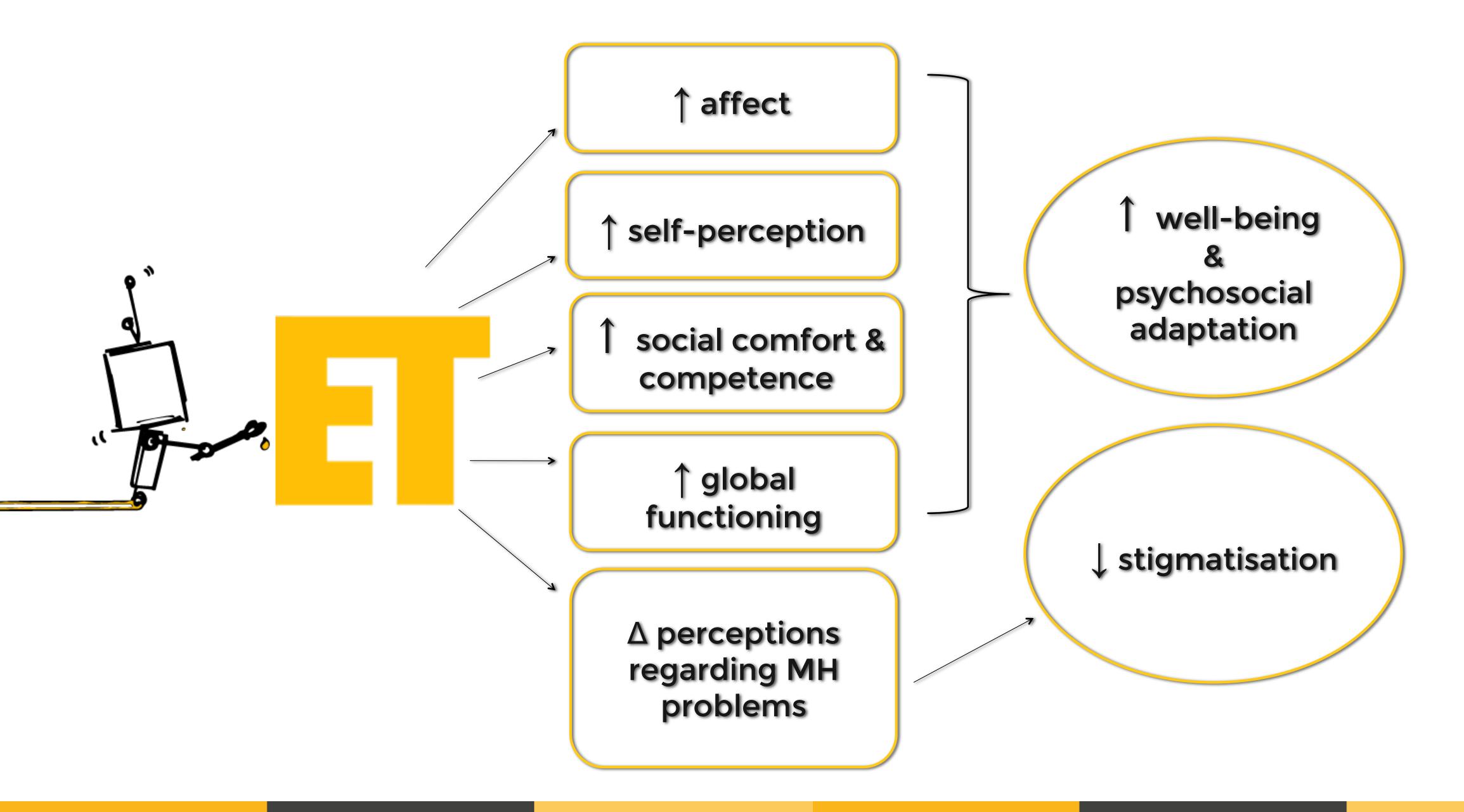
2/3

W/stabilized psychiatric disorder

1/3

W/O psychiatric disorder

### GOALS & OBJECTIVES







TAPSRECIATION
OF ART WORKS

CREATIVE WORKSHOPS

PUBLIC EXHIBITION



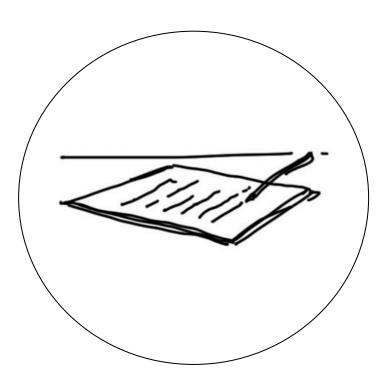
#### GENERAL COMPONENTS



- -Group modality
- -Respectful & supportive
- climate
- -Heterogeneous group composition

- -Normalizing & stimulating
- context
- -Non-therapist conductor
- -Clinical support





# PILOT EVALUATION

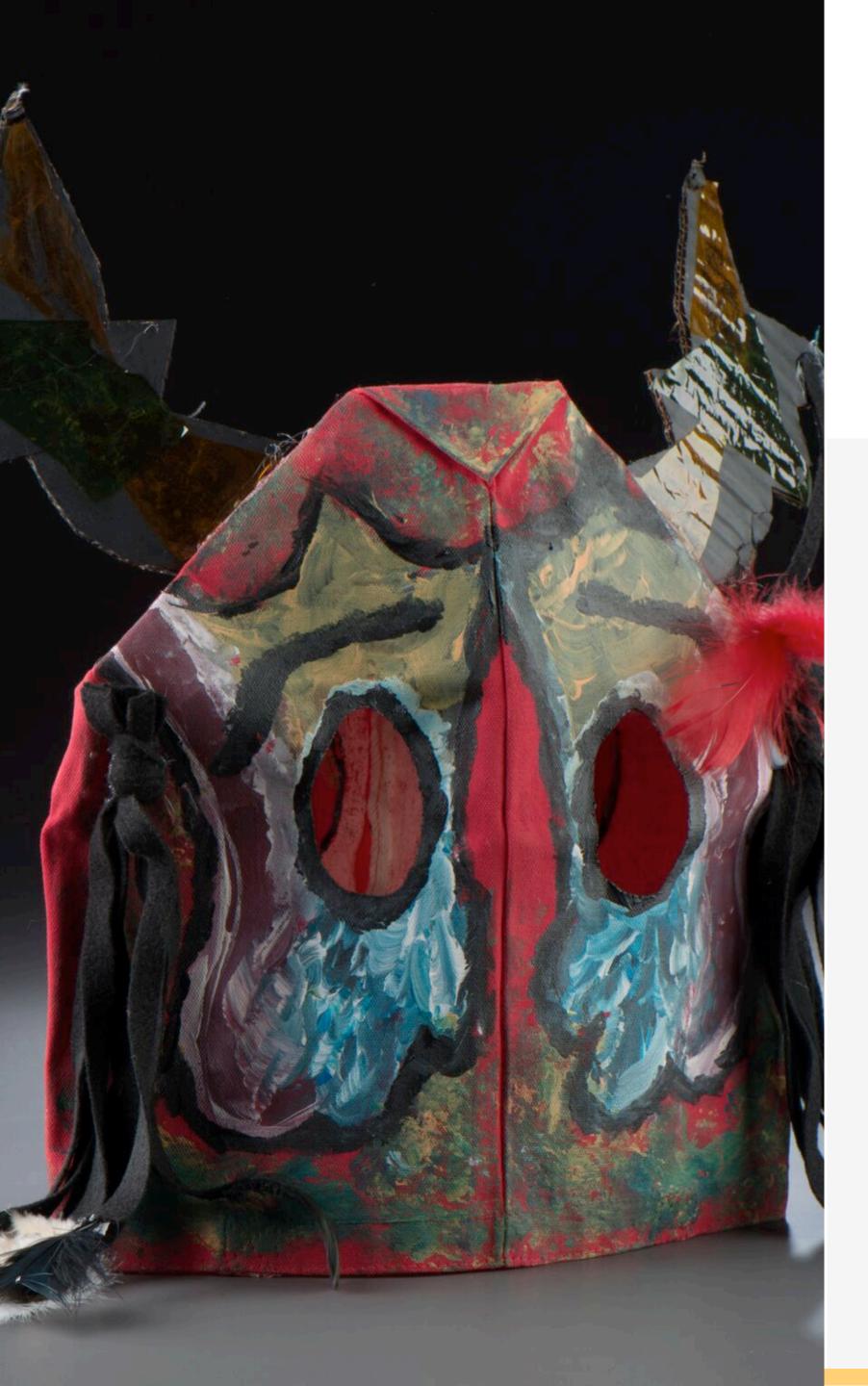




#### OBJECTIVES

# To assess program...

- Implementation
- Effects
  - hypothesized
  - unanticipated
- Mechanisms of action



#### METHODS



Repeated-measures design
 (pre-, post-, 3-month follow-up)

#### SOURCES

Program participants
 (N = 12; 81% ♀, 13-25 y)

• Referring clinicians (N = 8)

Close relatives (N = 8)

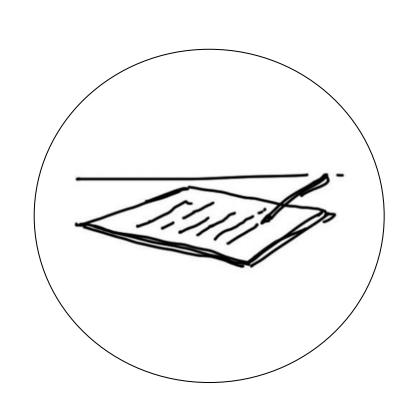
#### METHODS

Validated questionnaires

Semi-structured interviews

Direct observation



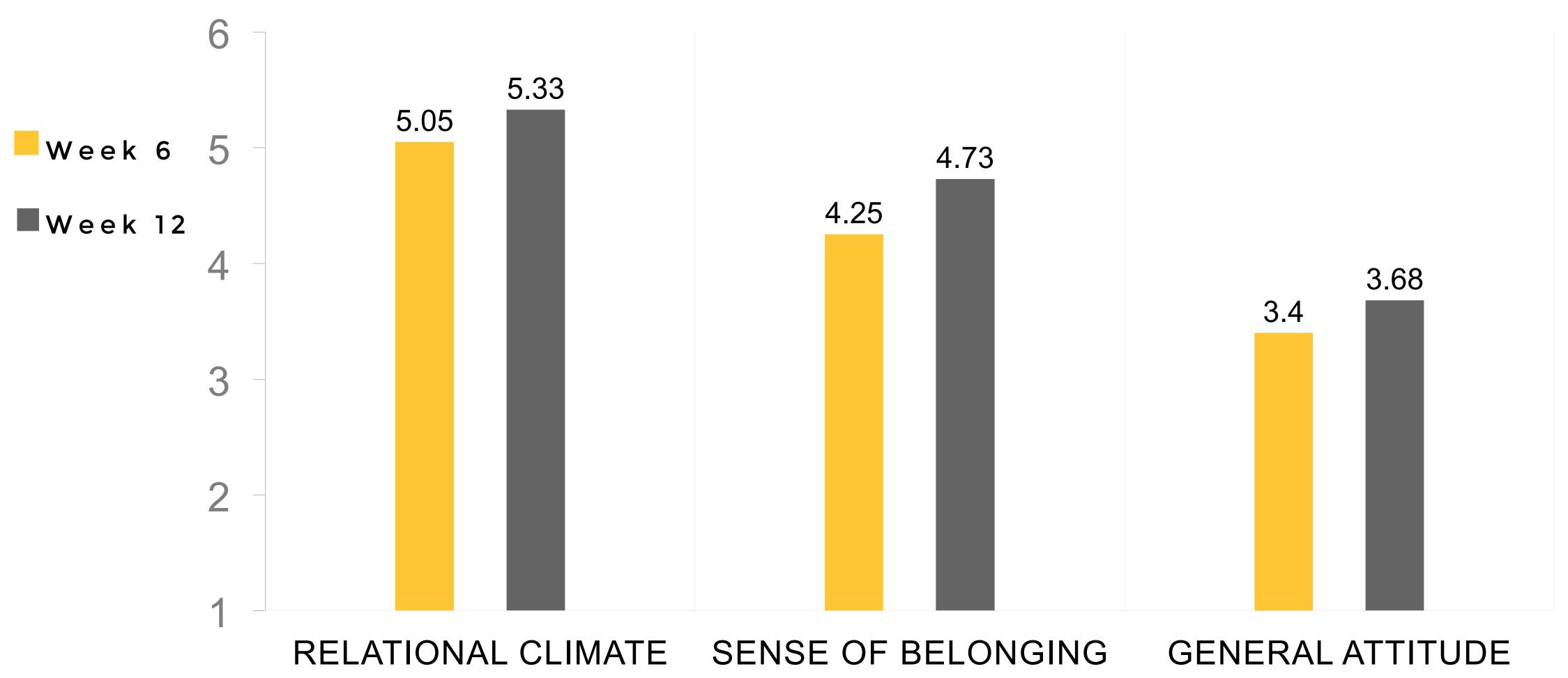


# PRELIMINARY RESULTS



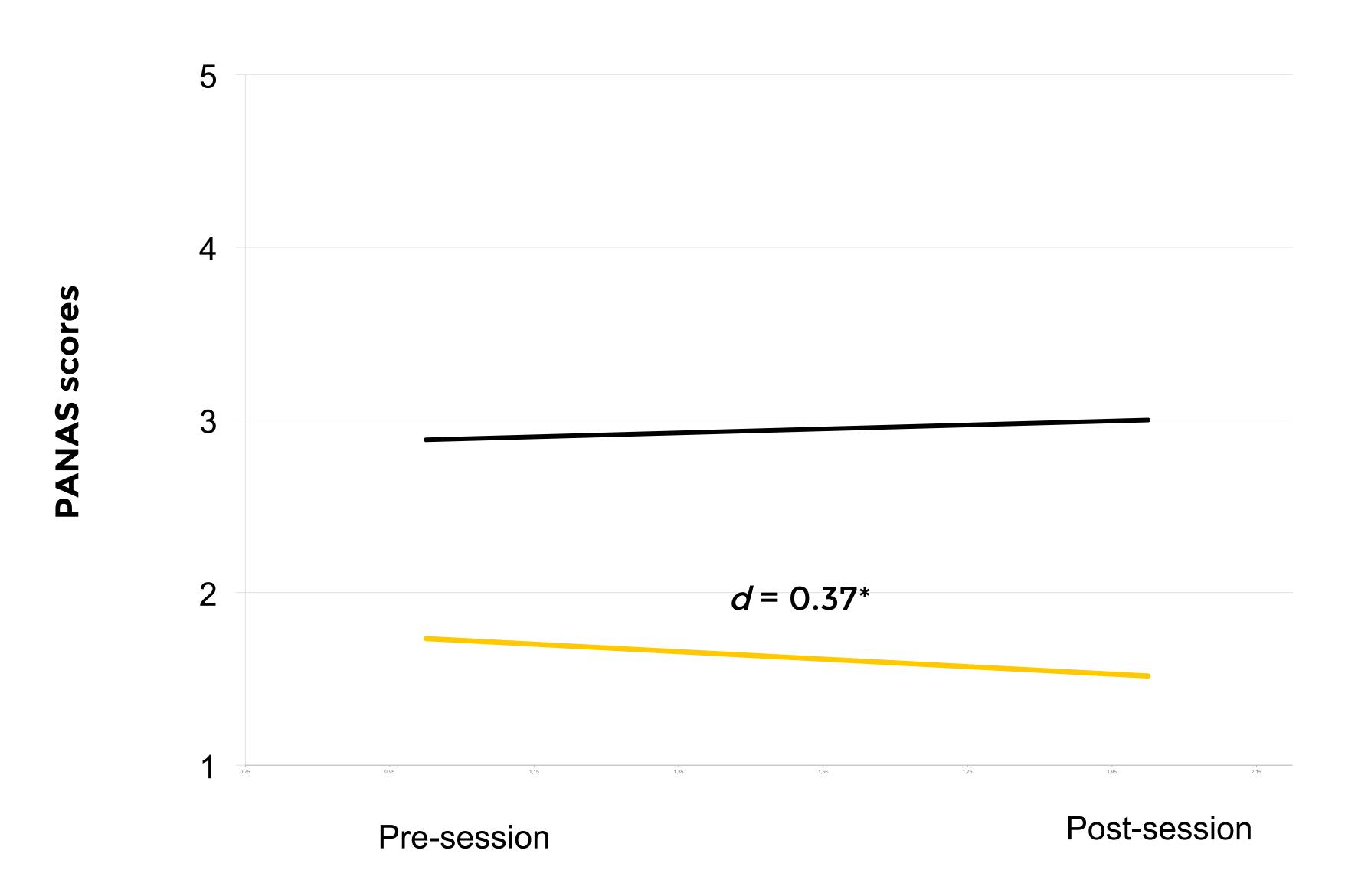
#### PARTICIPANTS RESPONSE





#### AFFECT

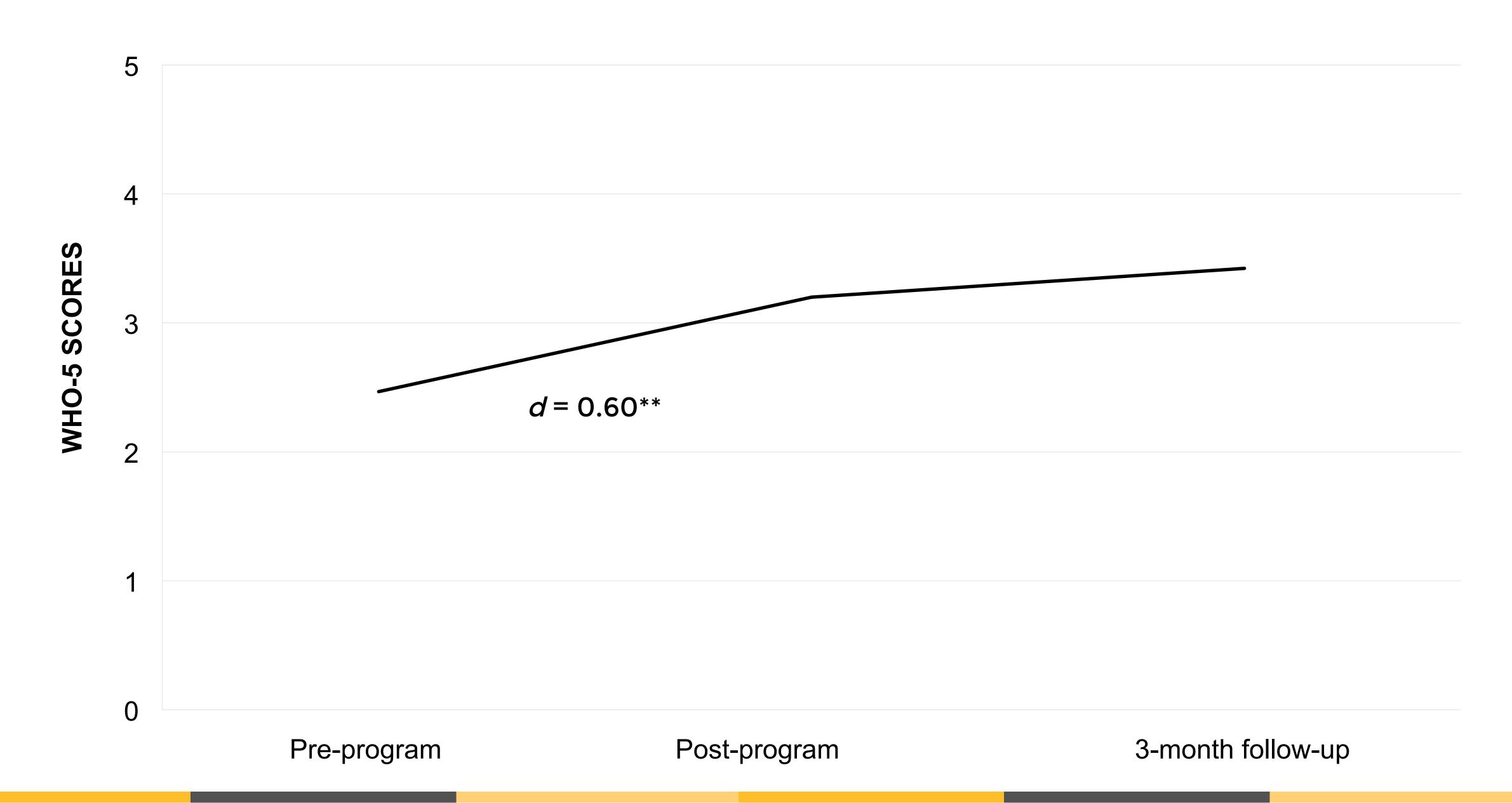


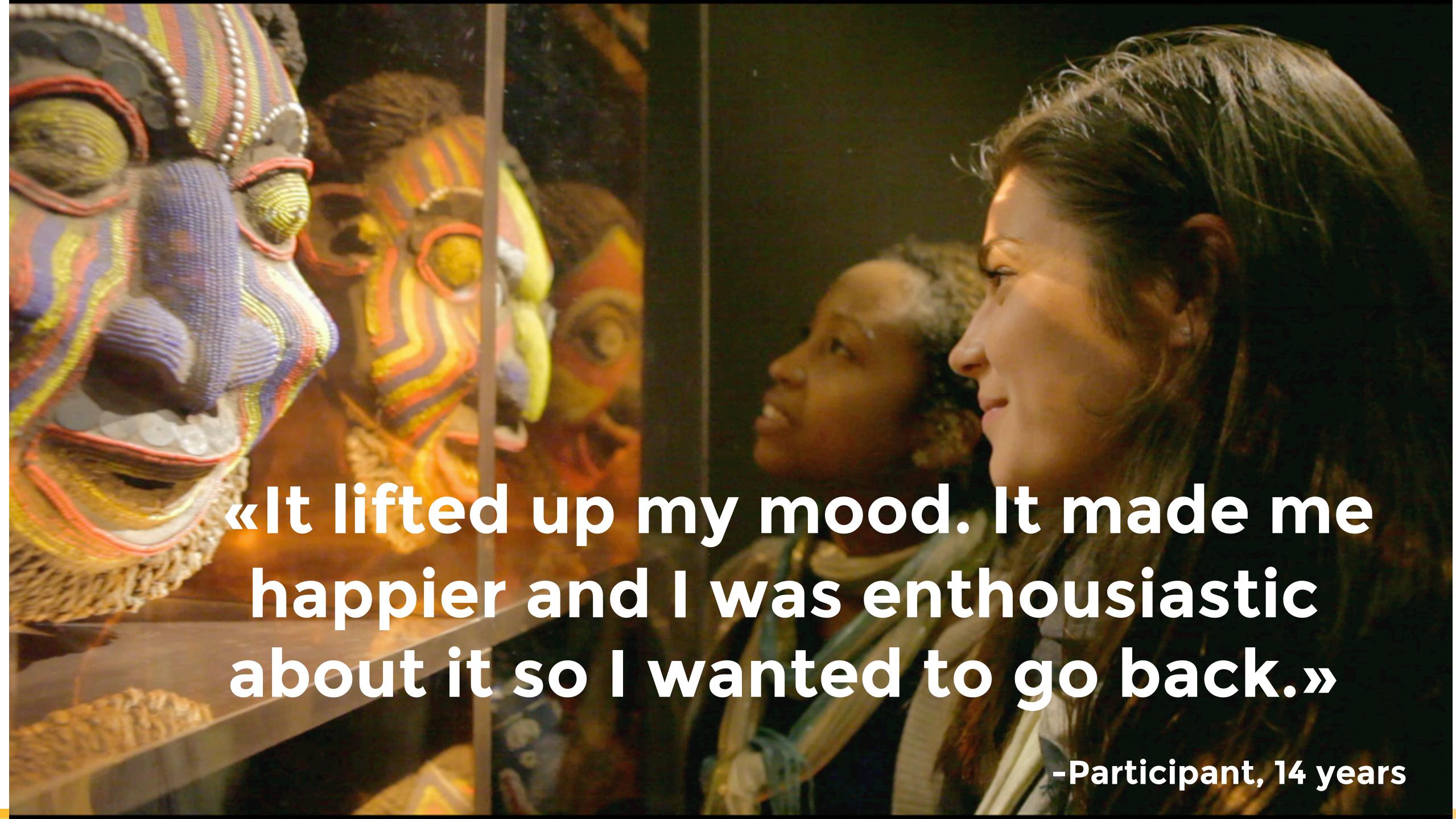


Positive
affect

Negative affect

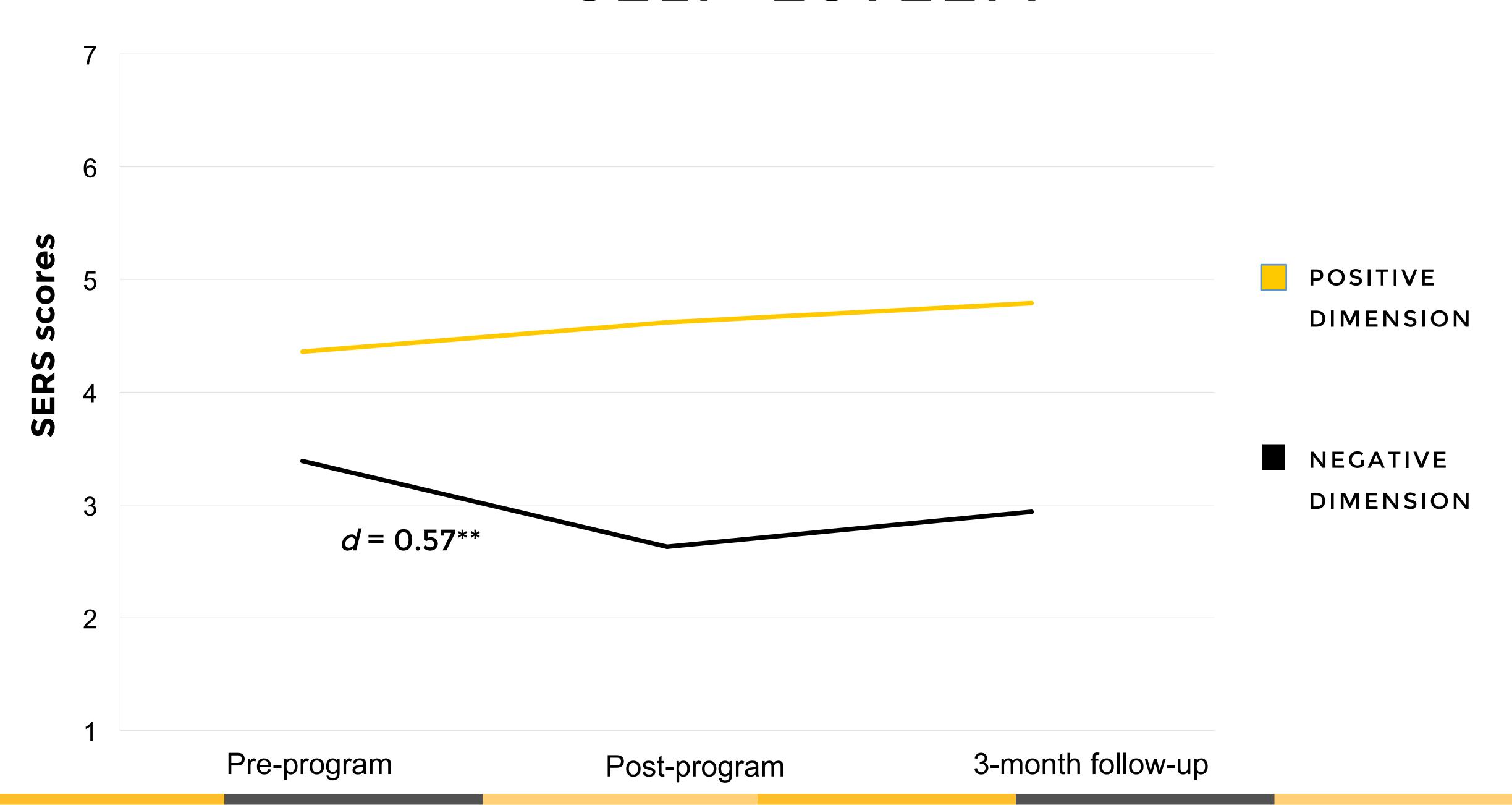
#### WELL-BEING





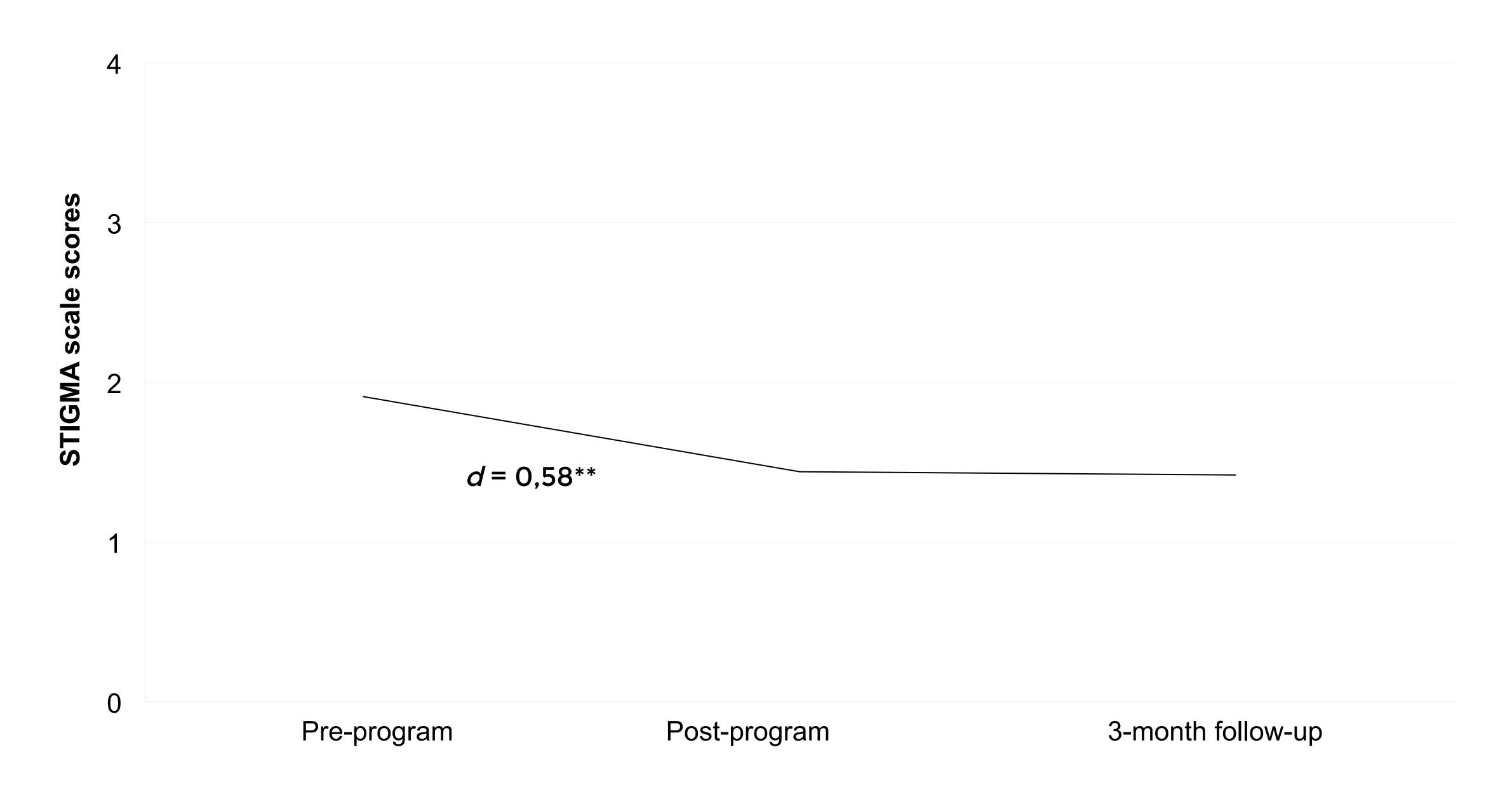
#### SELF-ESTEEM





#### PERCEIVED STIGMATISATION







# IN CONCLUSION...

Preliminary results consistent with program objectives

Much more to come...
Interview data
Clinicians & relatives data
Observational data





D. Patricia Garel, M.D.

Sylvie Gauthier, ps.ed.

Victor Debroux-Leduc

Elyse Porter-Vignola

Eléa Roy/ Alexis Doucet

Laurence Laneuville

Sylvia Rossel-Kaupinen

# THANK YOU









kim.archambault@etpsy.ca

www.etpsy.ca



Marilyn Lajeunesse

Jerémie Paré-Julien

Louise Giroux

Jean-Luc Murray

Thomas Bastien





#### INSTRUMENTS

#### Validated questionnaires

- PANAS (Watson, Clark &Tellegen, 1988)
- WHO-5 Well-being Index (Bech, 1987)
- Self Esteem Rating Scale short version (Nugent, 1995)
- Stigma Scale (King, 2007)
- *FNES* (Leary, 1983; Watson & Friend, 1969)
- ESSJA (Michaud, Bégin, & McDuff, 2006)
- *ERA* (Zinetti Bertschy et al., 2004)
- *WSAS* (Marks, 1986) \*\*\*
- School Environment Questionnaire (Janosz & Bouthiller, 2007)
- Participant's response questionnaire (Archambault et al., 2012)

#### Semi-structured interviews

Direct observation (on-site clinician + independent)



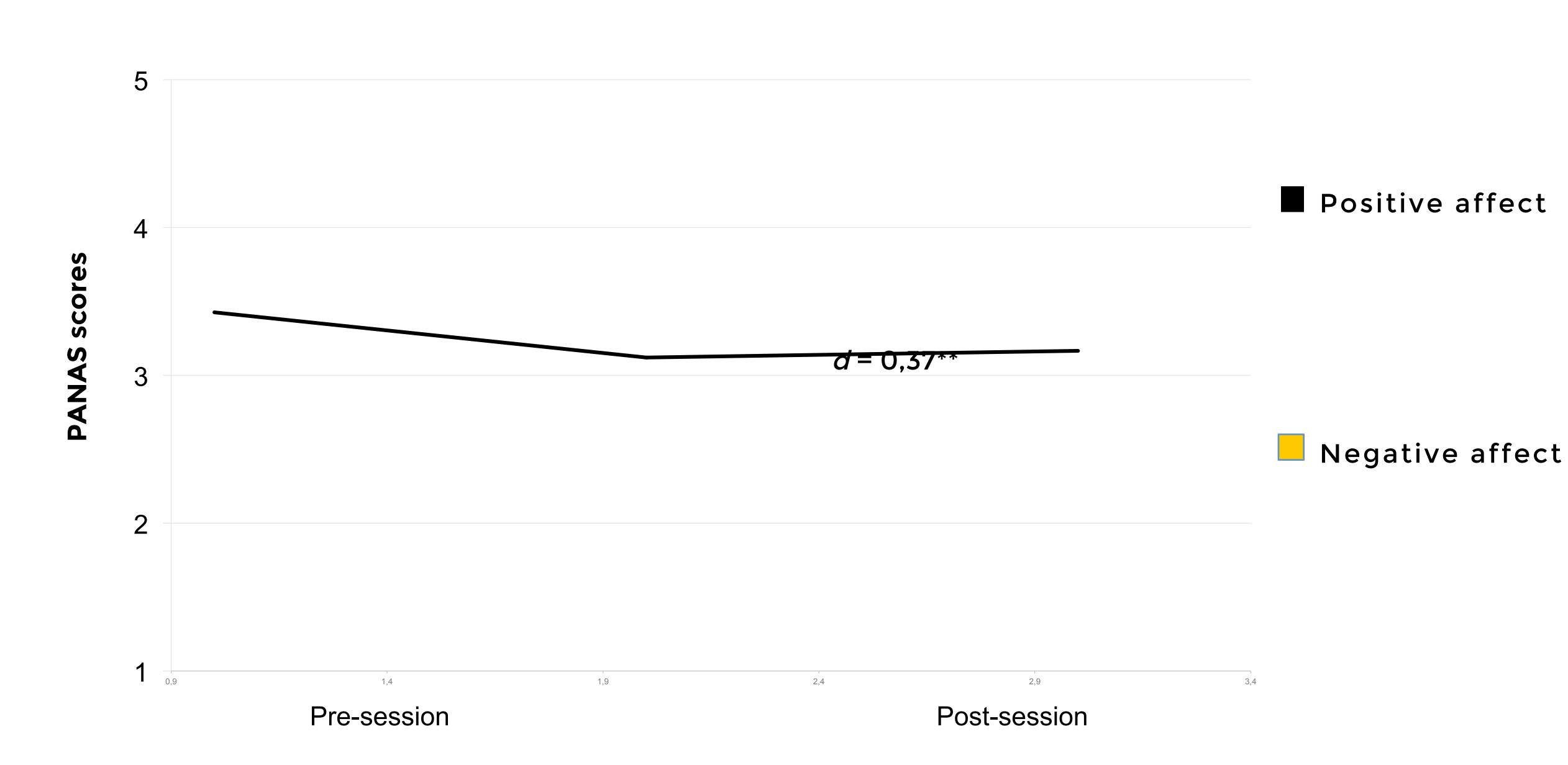
#### ANALYSES

- <u>Quantitative</u>: Repeated-measures ANOVAs
- Qualitative :
  Thematic analysis
- Mixed:

   Integration of QUAL & QUANT
   results at interpretation

#### EPJNA







Entrepreneurial activities differ substantially depending on the type of organization

Entrepreneurial activities differ substantially depending on the type of organization

Entrepreneurial activities differ substantially depending on the type of organization







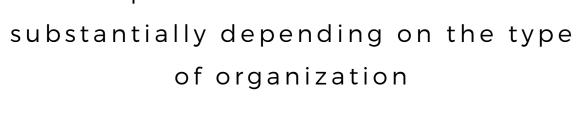
A company is an association or collection of individuals, whether natural persons, legal

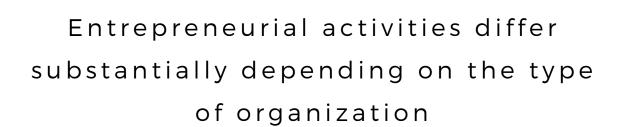
A company is an association or collection of individuals, whether natural persons, legal

A company is an association or collection of individuals, whether natural persons, legal

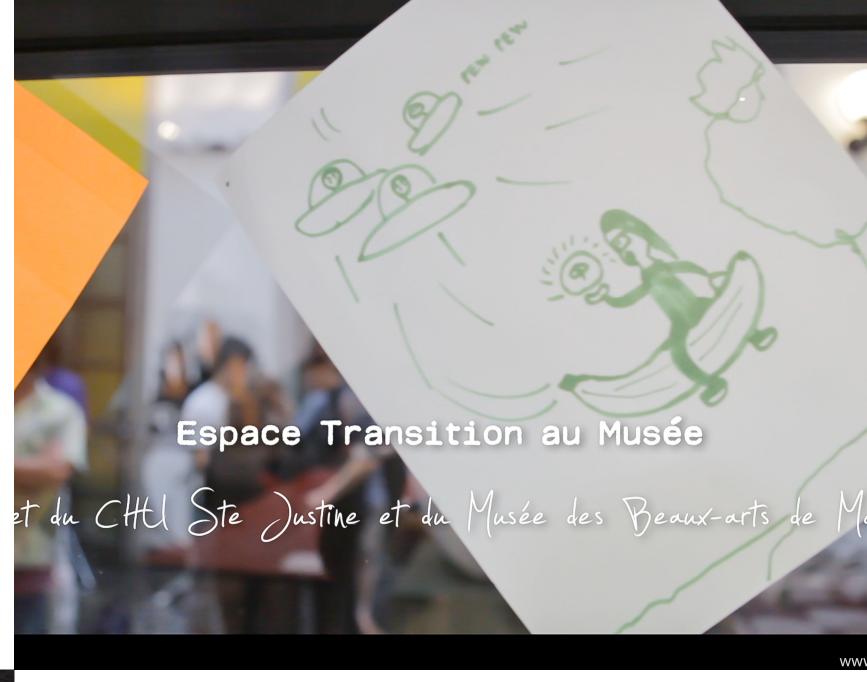


Entrepreneurial activities differ







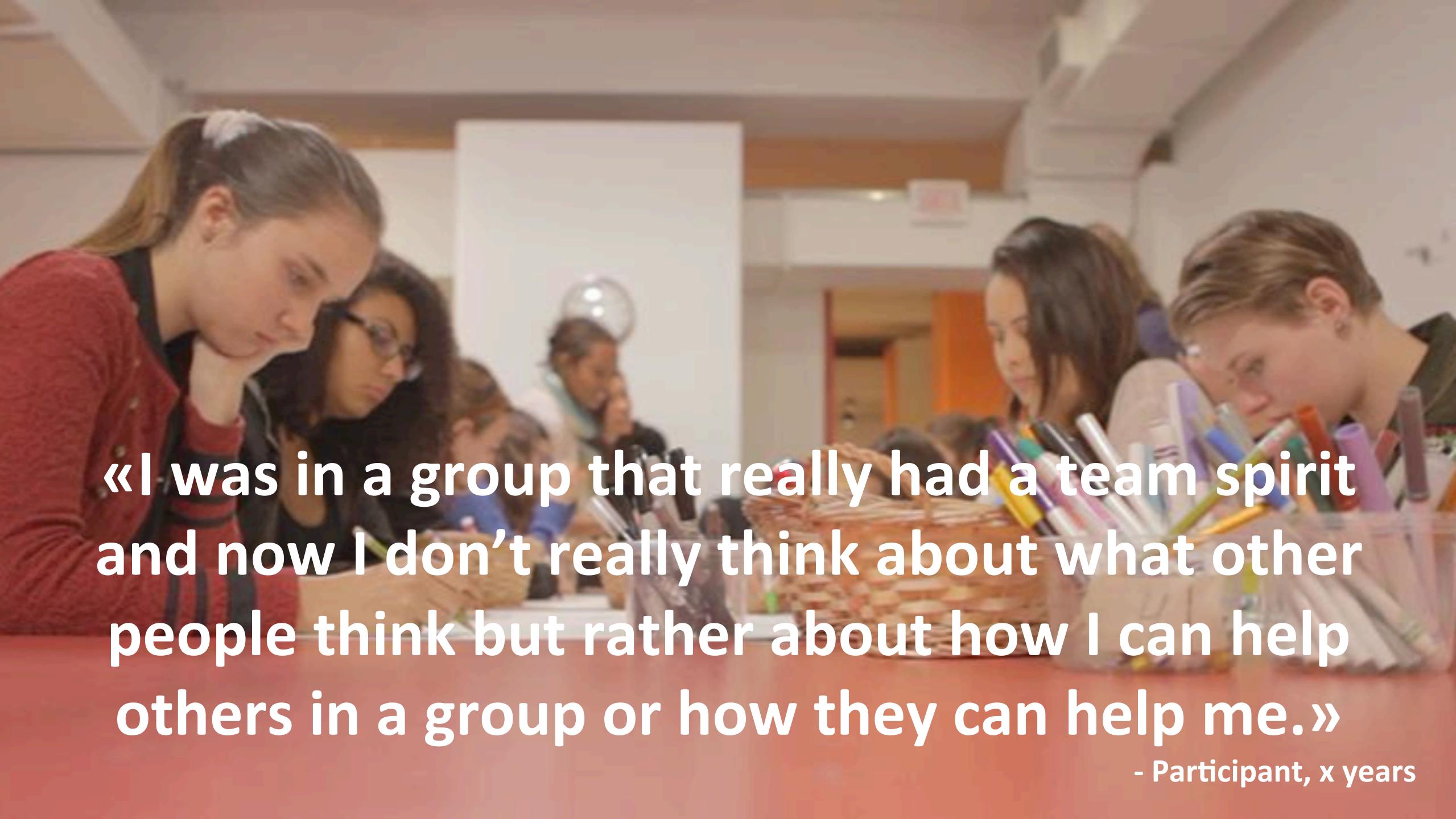


Entrepreneurial activities differ substantially depending on the type of organization



#### PROTOCOL

- Repeated measures:
  - pre-, post-program, 3 m. follow-up
  - pre-post session
- Mixed methods & triangulation
  - participants, clinicians, & relatives
  - questionnaires, interviews, & observation
- Collaborative & naturalistic approach









"It brought me a bit of self-confidence. 'Cause before I was a bit withdrawn because of my depression"



«Now she is more like: « I am Tricia, I am like that and accept me as I am. » She even told some of her friends from school that she was autistic. Before, she had never said that she was autistic.»

-Participant's mother

# N = 8

#### PARTICIPANTS

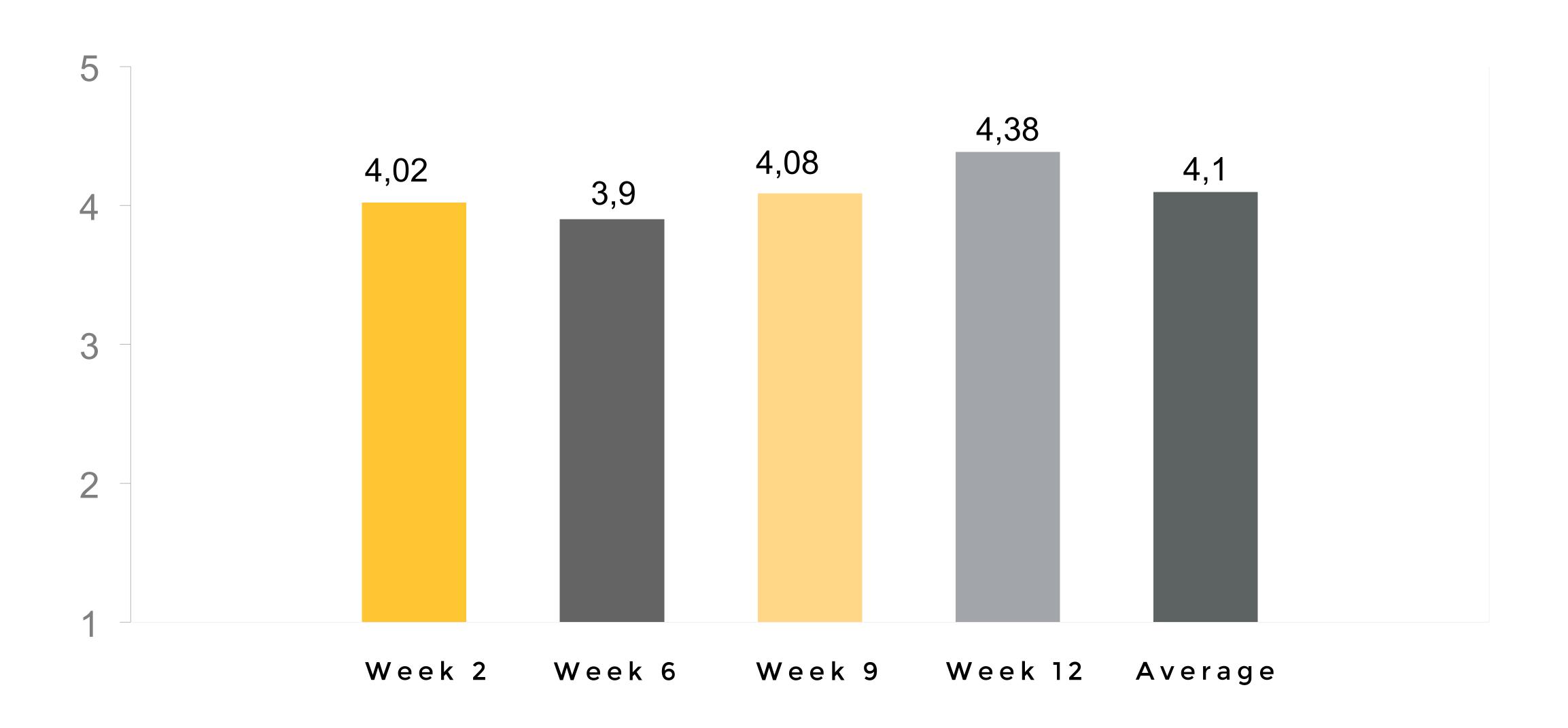
- Anxiety
- Mood
- Personnality
- Autism spectrum
- Eating
- Oppositional/relational

13-25 years 
$$M = 17,5$$
 (ET = 3,9)

$$M = 17,5 (ET = 3,9)$$

#### PARTICIPANTS RESPONSE

(PRQ)





#### METHODS



- Repeated measures design
- (pre-post-3-month follow-up)
- ·Mixed methods &triangulation
- Sources
  - program participants (N = 12; 981%, 13-25y)
  - referring clinicians
  - close relatives

#### Methods

- validated questionnaires

«I dare more, I'd do things that I wouldn't do before. I am starting to be more myself. Before I would hide a little to avoid being juged, but know, I've learnd to forget about that and just to squarely go straight!»

"It brought me a bit of self-confidence. 'Cause before I was a bit withdrawn because of my depression"

